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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/991,746	11/26/2001	Frederic Bordeaux	3633-509	9894	
20582 75	590 05/23/2002				
	DMONDS LLP		EXAMINER		
1667 K STREET NW SUITE 1000 WASHINGTON, DC 20006			GROUP, KARL E		
WASHINGIU	N, DC 20006		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1755	5	
			DATE MAILED: 05/23/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/991,746

Applicant(s)

Bordeaux et al

Examiner

Karl Group

Art Unit 1755

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply						
THE N	A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be evailable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the					
mailing If the pe If NO pe Failure t Any rep	date of this communication. eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply ar to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ne statutory minimum of and will expire SIX (6) M ne application to become	f thirty (30 MONTHS from ABANDO	0) days will be considered timely. rom the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status	,			l		
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Apr 18, 20	002				
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) 💢 This acti	ion is non-final.		l		
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	tion of Claims			l		
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-21</u>			is/are pending in the application.		
4.	a) Of the above, claim(s) <u>17-21</u>			is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are allowed.		
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-16</u>			is/are rejected.		
	Claim(s)		_			
8) 🗆	Claims	are :	subject	to restriction and/or election requirement.		
Applicat	tion Papers			l		
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)□ The drawing(s) filed on is/are a)□ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin	ner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) 💢 Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐ None of:						
1	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2	2. 💢 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority do application from the International Burea	au (PCT Rule 17	7.2(a)).	_		
	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the					
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).						
a) U The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
15) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachme	• •	4. [] i	- : IDT(
	tice of References Cited (PTO-892) tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)			0-413) Paper No(s).		
_	2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 6) Other:					
0,	American disclosure statement (a) (i 10-14-5) (aper Nots).	Of L. Other.				

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1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 requires Na₂O while claim 9 has this component optional and therefor does not further limit.

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States. (e) the invention was described in-
- (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or
- (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).
- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

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having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-6,14,15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102() as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Sugiura et al(6,054,401), Siedel et al(5,990,023) and Maeda et al (5,858,897) each taken alone.

Sugiura et al includes 11 wt% Ca, example 8.

Siedel et al teaches 12 wt% CaO, example 1.

Maeda et al, example 8, shows 10.4 wt% CaO.

All ether claims fail to set forth any composition which distinguishes. Claim 14 is included because the references teach examples where none of the conditions $Na_2O > 18$, $K_2O > 5$ and $Al_2O_3 < 3$ therefor the condition of the other components being greater than 29% is not required.

It is well settled that when a claimed composition appears to be substantially the same as a composition disclosed in the prior art, the burden is properly upon the applicant to prove by way of tangible evidence that the prior art composition does not necessarily possess characteristics attributed to the CLAIMED composition. <u>In re Spada</u>, 911 F.2d 705, 15 USPQ2d 1655 (Fed. Circ. 1990); <u>In re Fitzgerald</u>, 619 F.2d 67, 205 USPQ 594 (CCPA 1980); <u>In re Swinehart</u>, 439 F.2d 2109, 169 USPQ 226 (CCPA 1971).

6. Claims 1-6,9-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Morimoto et al (5,362,689)...

See comparative example 2, column 9.

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Identical compositions may not have mutually exclusive properties.

7. Claims 1-6,9,11,13,16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Frank et al (5,618,763).

See examples of Table 1.

8. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321© may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

9. Claims 1-16 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-5 of U.S. Patent No. 6,335,300. Although the

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conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the

scope of the instant claims overlap the patented claims.

10. Applicant's election of Group I in Paper No. 3 is acknowledged. Because applicant did

not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the

election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). Claims 17-21 are

withdrawn from considerarion.

11. Applicants are requested to amend the specification to update the current status of the

parent application.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner 12.

should be directed to Karl Group whose telephone number is (703)308-3821. The examiner can

normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 6:30 AM to 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Bell, can be reached on (703)308-3823. The fax phone number for this Group is (703)872-9310, for any non-final amendment or communication, and (703)872-9311 for any after-final

amendment or communication.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0661.

PRIMARY EXAMINER

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